# Supercritical CO<sub>2</sub> Power Cycle Development and Commercialization: Why sCO<sub>2</sub> Can Displace Steam





**ECHOGEN** 

power systems



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# **Power vs. Ambient Temperature**



• Echogen EPS100 performance is comparable to a double-pressure heat recovery steam system (DP-HRSG)

• An sCO<sub>2</sub> heat engine can provide up to 35% additional power output for stationary gas turbines

**Steam – Phase Change Limits Temperature and Cycle Efficiency** 



• Installed cost per kilowatt for Echogen EPS100 is up to 40% less compared to HRSG

• sCO<sub>2</sub> requires a smaller system footprint with reduced balance of plant requirements

• HRSG requires higher O & M costs for water quality and chemical treatment of feedwater supply and condensate return systems which adversely impact HRSG

First Production Unit of the EPS100 6 to 8+ MWe System is Beginning Checkout Tests





# Levelized Cost of Electricity (LCOE) – The Key Performance Metric

# Where:

- Levelized carrying charge factor or cost of money =

- = Levelized fuel cost (USD \$/kWh)
- Net rated effciency of the combined cycle plant (LHV) Fixed O&M costs for baseload operation (USD \$/kWh) ОМ
- (n, b)

- Five system configurations studied at several price points for gas turbine fuel:
- Simple cycle gas turbine (SCGT)
- Combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT) with two-pressure HRSG bottoming cycle
- Combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT) with Echogen EPS100 bottoming cycle
- All combined cycles with wet-cooling (Steam wet and sCO<sub>2</sub> wet)
- All combined cycles with dry-cooling (Steam dry and  $sCO_2$  dry)



• LCOE accounts for all equipment, installation, operating, and maintenance costs over the lifetime of the system installation

• Expression for LCOE (USD \$/kWh):

 $LCOE = (b \cdot C) / (P \cdot H) + f / h + OM / H + m \cdot OM(n, b)$ 

- Total plant cost (USD \$)
- Annual operating hours
- **P** = Net rated output (kW)
  - Variable O&M costs for baseload operation (USD \$/kWh)
  - Maintenance cost escalation factor (1.0 for baseload operation)

• LCOE analyses prepared for combined cycle gas turbine with steam or supercritical CO<sub>2</sub> heat recovery bottoming cycles

• Baseload operation: 8,000 hrs, 50 start/stops per year

• Cyclic operation: 3,500 hrs, 250 start/stop cycles per year



### **Cyclic Operation with Wet Cooling**









### High output power + low cost + low O&M = low LCOE

- baseload and cyclic operation

## sCO<sub>2</sub> the clear solution for gas turbine heat recovery

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# Conclusions

• Echogen EPS100 provides a 10 to 20% lower LCOE compared to traditional heat recovery steam for

• Lower installed cost for sCO<sub>2</sub> – smaller system footprint and reduced balance of plant requirements

• Lower O & M costs for sCO<sub>2</sub> – plant personnel not needed for water quality and treatment support functions typically found in a steam-based plants

• Growing trend to operate CCGT plants on as-needed, cyclic basis favors single-phase sCO<sub>2</sub> over steam – no hardware damage and premature life due to thermal fatigue and flow-assisted corrosion

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